

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A multi-stack optical data storage medium for recording and reading using a focused radiation beam having a wavelength of 655 nm entering through an entrance face of the medium during recording and reading, comprising:

5 a first substrate having, on a side thereof, a first recording stack L<sub>0</sub> comprising a recordable type L<sub>0</sub> recording layer comprising a dye, and formed in a first L<sub>0</sub> guide groove, and a first reflective layer present between the L<sub>0</sub> recording layer and the first substrate;

10 a second substrate having, on a side thereof, a second recording stack L<sub>1</sub> comprising a recordable type L<sub>1</sub> recording layer, said second recording stack being at a position closer to the entrance face than the L<sub>0</sub> recording stack and formed in a second L<sub>1</sub> guide groove; and

15 a transparent spacer layer sandwiched between the first and second recording stacks, said transparent spacer layer having a thickness substantially larger than the depth of focus of the focused radiation beam,

characterized in that the first L<sub>0</sub> guide groove has a depth G<sub>L0</sub> ←  
20 ~~100 nm in the range 25 nm < G<sub>L0</sub> < 40 nm, and the first reflective~~  
~~layer comprises a metal and has a thickness > 50 nm.~~

2. (Currently Amended) The multi-stack optical data storage medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $\epsilon_{L0} < 80 \text{ nm}$  and the first  $L_0$  guide groove has a full half maximum width  $W_{L0} < 350 \text{ nm}$ .

3. (Cancelled).

4. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the recordable type  $L_0$  recording layer has a thickness between 70 nm and 150 nm measured on the land portion of the guide groove.

5. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein said multi-stack optical data storage medium further comprises a dielectric layer present at a side of the  $L_0$  recording layer opposite from the side where the first reflective layer is present.

6. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage medium as claimed in claim 5, wherein the dielectric layer has a thickness in the range of 5 nm - 120 nm.

7. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein said multi-stack optical data storage medium further comprises a second reflective layer

comprising a metal present at a side of the  $L_0$  recording layer  
5 opposite from the side where the first reflective layer is present.

8. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage  
medium as claimed in claim 7, wherein the second reflective layer  
has a thickness in the range of 5 nm -15 nm.

9. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage  
medium as claimed in claim 7; wherein the second reflective layer  
mainly comprises a metal selected from the group of Ag, Au, Cu, Al.

10. (Previously Presented) The multi-stack optical data storage  
medium as claimed in claim 1, wherein the effective reflection  
level of the stacks is at least 0.18 at a radiation beam wavelength  
of approximately 655 nm.

11. (Cancelled).